6-3 Finite Geometric Series

Objectives:

- 1. I can write a series with sigma notation.
- I can derive the formula for the sum of a geometric series (when the common ratio is not 1)
 - 3. I can use the formula of a geometric series to solve problems.

Warm - up

1. Write a <u>recursive</u> rule and an explicit rule for the sequence:

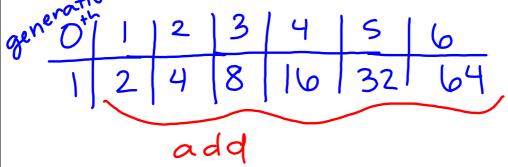
$$\frac{3}{3}, \frac{9, 27, 81, 243}{333} \qquad f(0) = 3$$

$$f(n) = 3 \cdot f(n-1)$$

$$\frac{5}{3} = 3$$

2. Find the stated term of the geometric sequence:

You have 2 biological parents, 4 biological grandparents, and 8 biological great-grandparents. How many great-great-great-grandparents (6th generation) do you have?



How many total ancestors do you have if you trace your ancestry back 6 generations?

126 ancestors

Series

definition: the <u>sum</u> of a sequence

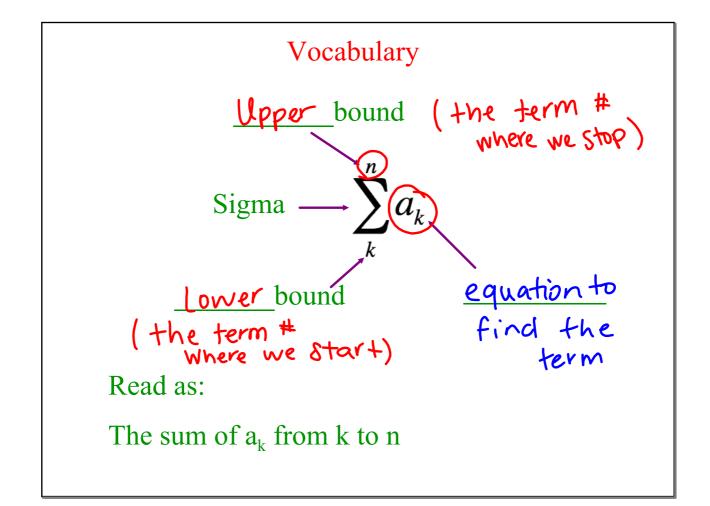
sum: usually a total of a finite number of items added together

Summation

$$a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + ... + a_n$$

(how do we write the sum of long lists of numbers?)

Summation notation:
$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k = a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + \dots + a_n$$



a.
$$\sum_{k=1}^{5} 3k = 3(1) + 3(2) + 3(3) + 3(4) + 3(5)$$

 $3 + 6 + 9 + 12 + 15 = 45$
 $\sum_{k=1}^{8} k^2 (5)^2 + (6)^2 + (7)^2 + (8)^2$

b.
$$\sum_{k=5}^{8} k^2 (5)^2 + (6)^2 + (7)^2 + (8)^2$$
b.
$$\sum_{k=5}^{8} k^2 (5)^2 + (6)^2 + (7)^2 + (8)^2$$

$$\frac{\sum_{k=3}^{1} 4x + 1}{4(3) + 1} + \frac{(4(3) + 1)}{(4(5) + 1)} + \frac{(4(4) + 1)}{(4(5) + 1)} + \frac{(4(7) + 1)}{(4(7) + 1)}$$

Find the following sums:

11

Find the sum of the series:

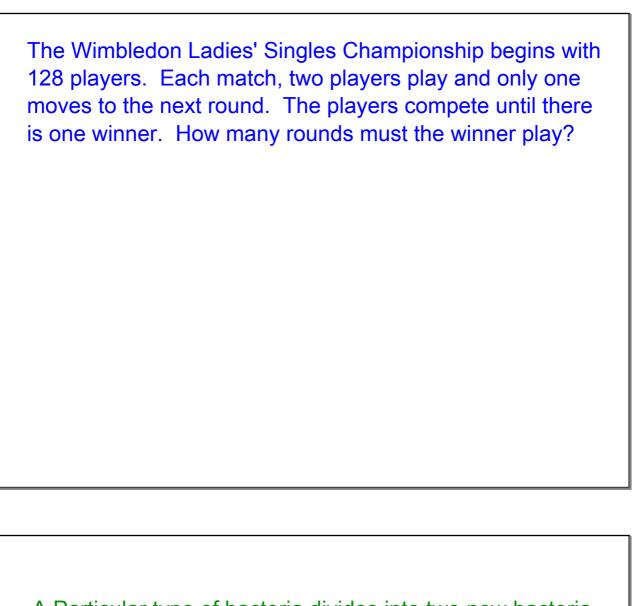
$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} - \dots - \frac{1}{64}$$

Write the following in sigma notation and then find the sum

1st term

A geometric series that begins with 3, a common factor of 2, with 6 terms

$$\frac{0|1|2}{3/2(2)}$$
 $\frac{3}{2}$
 $\frac{3}{$



A Particular type of bacteria divides into two new bacteria every 20 minutes. A scientist growing the bacteria in a laboratory begins with 200 bacteria. How many bacteria are present after 4 hours?

