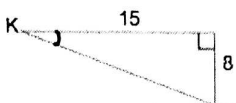


Solve for the third side length. Then write all six trig functions for the following triangles.

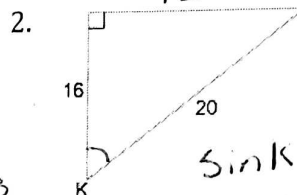
1. $8^2 + 15^2 = c^2$



$\sin K = 8/15$
 $\cos K = 15/17$
 $\tan K = 8/15$

$\csc K = 17/8$
 $\sec K = 17/15$
 $\cot K = 15/8$

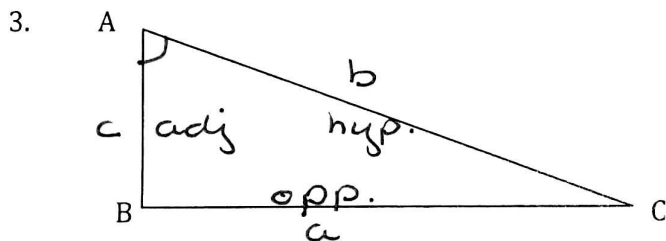
$\csc K = 17/8$
 $\sec K = 17/15$
 $\cot K = 15/8$



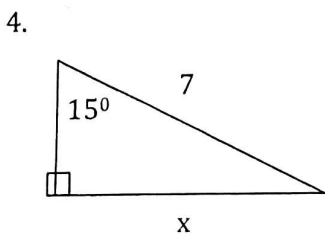
$16^2 + b^2 = 20^2$
 $b = 12$

$\sin K = 12/20 = 3/5$
 $\cos K = 16/20 = 4/5$
 $\tan K = 12/16 = 3/4$

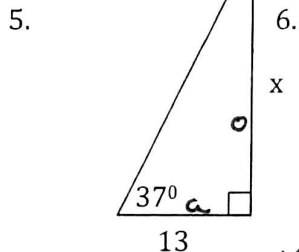
Label the sides of the triangles with a, b, c. Then label them with opposite, hypotenuse, adjacent using <A>.



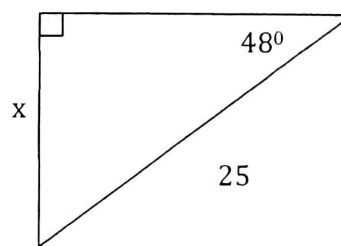
Solve for x.



$x \approx 1.8$



$\tan 37^\circ = \frac{x}{13}$
 $x \approx 9.8$



$x \approx 18.6$

Evaluate the following using a calculator. Round to 2 decimal places. Make sure your calculator is in degree mode.

7.) $\sin 80 =$

0.98

8.) $\cos 37 =$

≈ 0.798

9.) $\tan 356 =$

-0.069

Fill in the blank with the correct ratio (opposite, hypotenuse, adjacent)

10. $\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$

11. $\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$

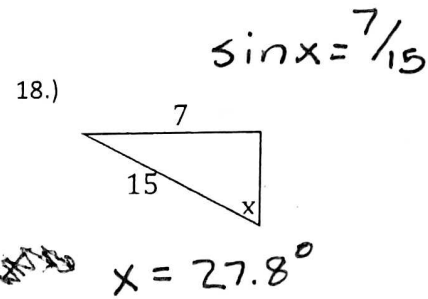
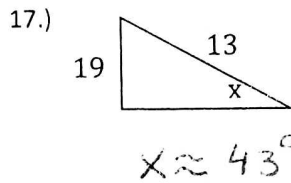
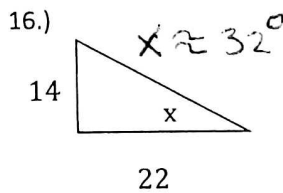
12. $\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$

13. $\csc \theta = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{opp}}$

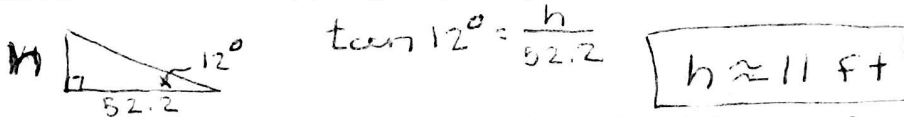
14. $\sec \theta = \frac{\text{hyp}}{\text{adj}}$

15. $\cot \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{opp}}$

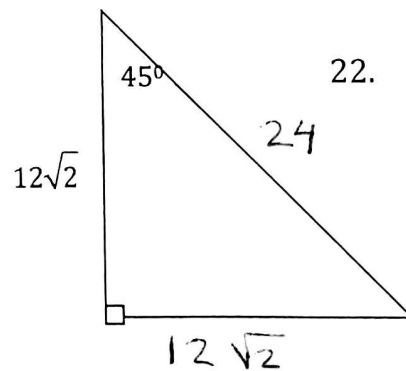
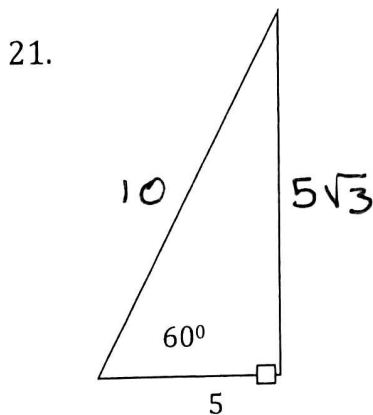
Find the measure of the angle x to the nearest degree.



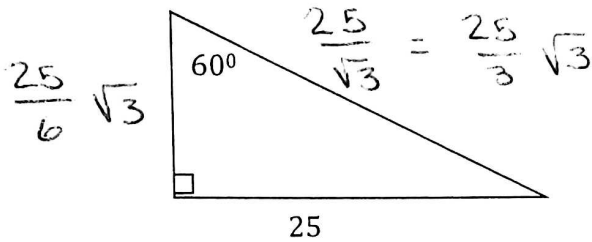
19. The angle of elevation from the base of a waterslide to the top is about 12° . The slide extends horizontally (along the ground) about 52.2 meters. How tall is the slide?



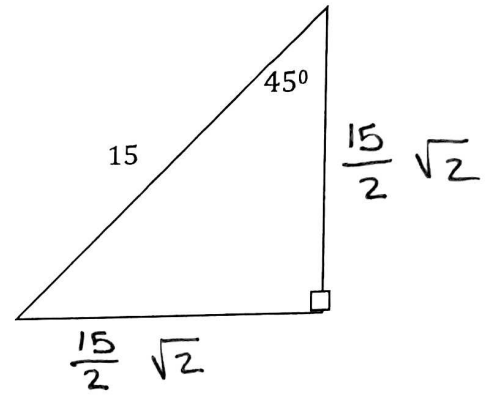
(21-24) Find the lengths of the missing sides of the special right triangles, given one side



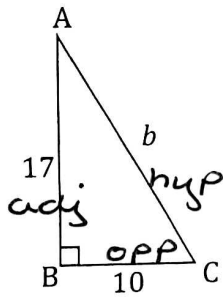
23.



24.



25. Solve the following triangle.



$$10^2 + 17^2 = c^2$$

$$b = \sqrt{389}$$

$$a = 10$$

$$b = 19.7$$

$$c = 17$$

$$\angle A = 30^\circ$$

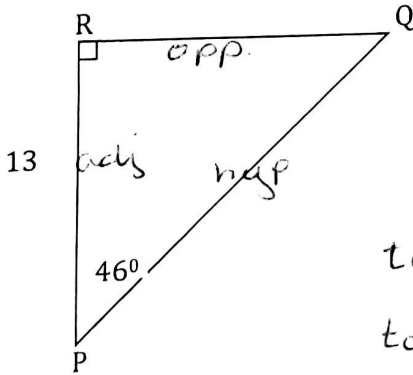
$$\angle B = 90^\circ$$

$$\angle C = 60^\circ$$

$$\tan A = \frac{10}{17}$$

$$\tan B = \frac{17}{10}$$

26. Solve the following triangle.



$$p = 13.5$$

$$q = 13$$

$$r = 18.7$$

$$\angle P = 46^\circ$$

$$\angle Q = 44^\circ$$

$$\angle R = 90^\circ$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{o}{a}$$

$$\tan 46^\circ = \frac{p}{13}$$

$$p \approx 13.5$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\cos 46^\circ = \frac{13}{r}$$

$$r = \frac{13}{\cos 46^\circ}$$

$$r \approx 18.7$$

check
 $13^2 + 13.5^2 = 18.7^2$?
 true!