

1. Write the following polynomial in standard form and state the degree $6x^3 + 5x^7 - 2x^9 + 4x^2 + 5$

$$-2x^9 + 5x^7 + 6x^3 + 4x^2 + 5 \quad | \text{degree: } 9$$

2. What kind of polynomial is $x^2 + 3x + 2$? (circle all that apply)

- a) linear degree 1
- b) cubic degree 3
- c) quadratic degree 4
- d) constant degree 0
- e) monomial 1 term
- f) Binomial 2 terms
- g) trinomial 3 terms
- e) polynomial any # of terms

Complete the polynomial operation. (Lesson 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.5)

3. $(8x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 8) + (5x^2 + 6x - 4)$

$$8x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 4$$

4. $5x(x+2)(3x-7)$

$$\begin{aligned} & 5x(x+2) \\ & (5x^2 + 10x)(3x-7) \\ & 15x^3 - 35x^2 + 30x^2 - 70x \\ & 15x^3 - 5x^2 - 70x \end{aligned}$$

5. $(-4x^2 - 2x + 8) + (x^2 + 8x + 5)$

$$-5x^2 - 10x + 13$$

6. $(3x^3 + 12x^2 + 11x - 2) \div (x + 2)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 | 3 & 12 & 11 & -2 \\ & + \downarrow & -6 & -12 & 2 \\ & & 3x^2 + 6x - 1 & & 10 \end{array}$$

7. $\sqrt{(x+y)^6}$

8. $\sqrt{(5x+3y)^4}$

9. $(4x^2 + 3x + 2)(3x^2 + 2x - 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} & 12x^4 + 8x^3 - 4x^2 \\ & + 9x^3 + 6x^2 - 3x \\ & + 4x^2 + 4x - 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$12x^4 + 17x^3 + 8x^2 + x - 2$$

10. $(57x^{18} - x^2) + (6x + 71x^3 + 5x^2 - 2)$

$$57x^{18} + 71x^3 - 6x^2 - 2$$

11. $(9x^4 + x^3 + 11x^2 - 4) \div (x^2 + 16)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9x^2 + x - 133 \quad R: -16x + 2124 \\ x^2 + 0x + 16 \quad | \quad x^4 + x^3 + 11x^2 + 0x - 4 \\ -9x^4 - 0x^3 - 44x^2 \\ \hline x^3 - 133x^2 + 0x \\ x^2 + 16x \\ \hline -133x^2 - 16x - 4 \end{array}$$

12. $(16 - x^2) + (-18x^2 + 7x^5 - 10x^4 + 5)$

$$7x^5 - 10x^4 - 19x^2 + 21$$

Factor the polynomial. (Lesson 6.4)

13. $3x^2 + 4x - 4$
 $\underline{6} \cdot \underline{-2} = -12$ $(3x^2 + 6x) - (2x - 4)$
 $\underline{2} + \underline{2} = 4$ $3x(x+2) - 2(x+2)$
 $\boxed{(x+2)(3x-2)}$

15. $9x^2 - 25$
 $a=3x$ $b=5$ $a^2 - b^2 = (a-b)(a+b)$
 $\boxed{(3x-5)(3x+5)}$

17. $(x^3 + 8x^2) + (6x + 48)$
 $x^2(x+8) + 6(x+8)$
 $\boxed{(x+8)(x^2+6)}$

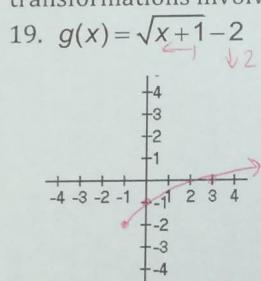
14. $2x^3 + 4x^2 - 30x$
 $\cancel{2x}(x^2 + 2x - 15)$
 $\boxed{2x(x+5)(x-3)}$

16. $4x^2 - 16x + 16$
 ~~$4(\cancel{x^2} - 4x + 4)$~~ $\boxed{4(x-2)(x-2)}$
or $\boxed{4(x-2)^2}$

18. $(8x^4 + 8x^3) + (27x + 27)$
 $8x^3(x+1) + 27(x+1)$
 $(x+1)(8x^3 + 27)$ $a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$
 $\boxed{(x+1)(2x+3)(4x^2 - 6x + 9)}$

Review

Graph the following functions **without** using a calculator. Next, identify the parent function, list the transformations involved, and also include the new domain and range.



Parent Function: \sqrt{x}

Domain: $[-1, \infty)$

Range: $[-2, \infty)$

x-int: $(3, 0)$

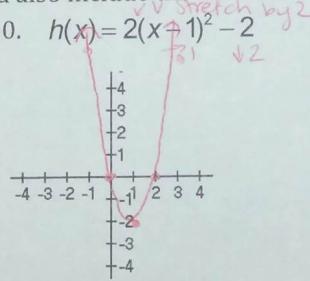
y-int: $(0, -1)$

Left EB: None

Right EB: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \infty$

Inc: $(-1, \infty)$

Dec: Never



Parent Function: x^2

Domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Range: $[-2, \infty)$

x-int: $(0, 0), (2, 0)$

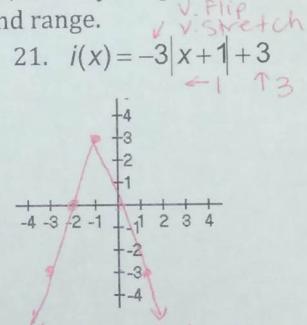
y-int: $(0, 0)$

Left EB: $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = +\infty$

Right EB: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = +\infty$

Inc: $(1, \infty)$

Dec: $(-\infty, 1)$



Parent Function: $|x|$

Domain: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Range: $(-\infty, 3]$

x-int: $(-2, 0), (0, 0)$

y-int: $(0, 0)$

Left EB: $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$

Right EB: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -\infty$

Inc: $(-\infty, -1)$

Dec: $(-1, \infty)$

+ values